# NRS Level 1 Overview

# Counting and Cardinality / Numeracy (CC)

- Know number names and the count sequence.
- Count to tell the number of objects
- Compare numbers

## Operations and Algebraic Thinking (OA)

- Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from
- Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction
- Understand and apply properties and the relationship between addition and subtraction
- Add and subtract within 20
- Work with addition and subtraction equations

# Number and Operations in Base Ten (NBT)

- Extend the counting sequence
- Work with numbers 11-19 and tens to gain foundations for place value
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract

# Measurement and Data (MD)

- Describe and compare measurable attributes
- Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category
- Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units

- Tell and write time
- Represent and interpret data

#### Geometry (G)

- Identify and describe shapes
- Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes
- Reason with shapes and their attributes

- Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

# NRS Level 2 Overview

#### Operations and Algebraic Thinking (OA)

- Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction
- Add and subtract within 20
- Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication
- Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division
- Understand properties of multiplication and the relationship between multiplication and division
- Multiply and divide within 100
- Solve problems involving the four operations and identify and explain patterns in arithmetic

#### Number and Operations in Base Ten (NBT)

- Understand place value
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract and to perform multi-digit arithmetic

#### Number and Operations - Fractions (NF)

· Develop understanding of fractions as numbers

## Measurement and Data (MD)

- · Measure and estimate lengths in standard units
- · Relate addition and subtraction to length
- · Work with time and money
- Represent and interpret data
- Solve problems involving measurement and estimation of intervals of time, liquid volumes, and masses of objects
- Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate area to multiplication and to addition
- Geometric measurement: recognize perimeter as an attribute of plan figures an distinguish between linear and area measures

## Geometry (G)

Reason with shapes and their attributes

- Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- Model with mathematics.
- Use appropriate tools strategically.
- Attend to precision.
- Look for and make use of structure.
- Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

# NRS Level 3 Overview

#### Operations and Algebraic Thinking (OA)

- Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve problems
- Gain familiarity with factors and multiples
- Generate and analyze patterns
- Write and interpret numerical expressions
- Analyze patterns and relationships

#### Number and Operations in Base Ten (NBT)

- Generalize place value understanding for multi-digit whole numbers
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic
- Understand the place value system
- Perform operations with multi-digit whole numbers and with decimals to hundredths

#### Number and Operations – Fractions (NF)

- · Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and ordering
- Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understandings of operations on whole numbers
- Understand decimal notation for fractions, and compare decimal fractions
- Use equivalent fractions as a strategy to add and subtract fractions
- Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to multiply and divide fractions

## Measurement & Data (MD)

- Solve problems involving measurement and conversion of measurements from a larger unit to a smaller unit
- Represent and interpret data
- · Geometric measurement: understand concepts of angle and measure angles
- Convert like measurement units within a given measurement system
- Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition

# NRS Level 3 Overview (continued)

#### Geometry (G)

- Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles
- Graph points on the coordinate plane to solve real-world and mathematical problems
- Classify two-dimensional figures into categories based on their properties

- Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- Look for and make use of structure.
- Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

# NRS Level 4 Overview

#### Ratios and Proportional Relationships (RP)

- Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems
- Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems

#### The Number System (NS)

- Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to divide fractions by fractions
- Compute fluently with multi-digit numbers and find common factors and multiples
- Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers
- Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers
- Know that there are numbers that are not rational, and approximate them by rational numbers

#### Expressions and Equations (EE)

- Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions
- Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities
- Represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables
- Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions
- Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations
- Work with radicals and integer exponents
- Understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations
- Analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of simultaneous linear equations

### Functions (F)

- · Define, evaluate, and compare functions
- Use functions to model relationships between quantities

# NRS Level 4 Overview (continued)

#### Geometry (G)

- Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume
- Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationship between them
- Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume
- Understand congruence and similarity using physical models, transparencies, or geometry software
- Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem
- Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres

#### Statistics and Probability (SP)

- Develop understanding of statistical variability
- Summarize and describe distributions
- Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population
- Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations
- Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models
- Investigate patterns of association in bivariate data

- Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- Model with mathematics.
- Use appropriate tools strategically.
- Attend to precision.
- Look for and make use of structure.
- Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.